

Problemas final

cálculo diferencial

$$u'v + uv'$$

$$1: f(x) = x^2 \cdot \sin(x)$$

$$f(x)' = (2x^{2-1})(\sin(x)) + (x^2)(\cos(x))$$

$$f(x)' = 2x \cdot \sin(x) + x^2 \cdot \cos(x) //$$

$$6: f(x) = (2x^3 + 5)^4 (3x - 1)^2$$

$$U = 2x^3 + 5$$

$$V = 3x - 1$$

$$U' = 6x^2$$

$$V' = 3$$

$$f(x)' = U'V + UV'$$

$$f(x)' = (4U^3)V' + (U^4)V''$$

$$f(x)' = 4U^3 \cdot V' + U^4 \cdot 2V''$$

$$f(x)' = 4(6x^2)^3 \cdot (3x - 1)' + (2x^3 + 5)^4 \cdot (3)'$$

$$f(x)' = (24x^2)^3 \cdot (3x - 1)' + (2x^3 + 5)^4 \cdot 9$$

$$f(x)' = (24x^2)^3 \cdot (3x - 1)' + (18x^3 + 45)'$$

$$2: f(x) = \frac{2x + 1}{x^2 - 1}$$

$$f(x)' = \frac{(2x' + 0)(x^2 - 1) - (2x + 1)(2x^{2-1} - 0)}{(x^2 - 1)^2}$$

$$f(x)' = \frac{2(x^2 - 1) - (2x + 1)(2x)}{(x^2 - 1)^2}$$

$$f(x)' = \frac{(2x^2 - 2) - (4x^2 + 2x)}{(x^2 - 1)^2} //$$

$$3: f(x) = (x^2 + 1) \cdot (\cos(x))$$

$$f(x)' = (2x^{2-1} + 0) \cdot (\cos(x)) + (x^2 + 1) \cdot (-\sin(x))$$

$$f(x)' = (2x)(\cos(x)) + (x^2 + 1) \cdot (-\sin(x)) //$$

$$f(x)' = U'V + UV'$$

$$f(x)' = (3U^2)V' + (U^3)V''$$

$$f(x)' = 3U^2 V' + U^3 2V''$$

$$f(x)' = 3(\cos(x))^2 \cdot (\cos(x))' + (\sin(x))^3 \cdot 2(-\sin(x))$$

$$f(x)' = (3\cos(x))^2 \cdot (\cos(x))' + (\sin(x))^3 \cdot (-2\sin(x)) //$$

$$4: f(x) = e^{(2x)} \cdot \ln(x)$$

$$f(x)' = (e^{2x} \cdot 2x^{2-1}) (\ln(x)) + (e^{2x}) \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$f(x)' = (2e^{2x})(\ln(x)) + (e^{2x}/x) //$$

$$8: f(x) = \frac{e^{(2x^2+5)}}{2x+1}$$

$$f(x)' = \frac{(e^{(2x^2+5)}) \cdot (4x+5) \cdot (2x+1) - (e^{(2x^2+5)}) (2)}{(2x+1)^2}$$

$$f(x)' = \frac{(e^{(2x^2+5)}) (8x^2+14x+5) - (2e^{(2x^2+5)})}{(2x+1)^2} //$$

$$9: f(x) = \frac{\ln(2x+1)^2}{(x^2+1)}$$

$$f(x)' = \frac{2 \ln(2x+1)'(x^2+1) - 2 \ln(2x+1)(x^2+1)'}{(x^2+1)^2}$$

$$f(x)' = \frac{(4/2x+1)(x^2+1) - 2 \ln(2x+1)(2x)}{(x^2+1)^2}$$

$$10: f(x) = (1+x^2)^3 \cdot \cos(x^2+2)$$

$$U = 1+x^2$$

$$U' = 2x^{2-1} = 2x$$

$$V = \cos(x^2+2)$$

$$V' = -\sin(x^2+2) \cdot (-2x)$$

$$(U^3)' = 3U^2$$

$$f(x)' = U^3 V' + UV^3'$$

$$f(x)' = 3U^2 V + UV^3'$$

$$f(x)' = 3(1+x^2)^2 \cdot (\cos(x^2+2)) + (1+x^2)^3 (-\sin(x^2+2) \cdot (2x))$$

$$11: f(x) = \ln(2x^3 - 4x + 5)$$

$$y = 2x^3 - 4x + 5$$

$$y' = 6x^{3-1} - 4x^{1-1} + 0$$

$$y' = 6x^2 - 4$$

$$f(x)' = \frac{1}{2x^3 - 4x + 5} (6x^2 - 4)$$

$$f(x)' = \frac{6x^2 - 4}{2x^3 - 4x + 5}$$

$$12: f(x) = x \ln(x^2+1)$$

$$y = \ln(x^2+1)$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{x^2+1} \cdot 2x^{2-1}$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{x^2+1} \cdot 2x = \frac{2x}{x^2+1}$$

$$f(x)' = (x)' (\ln(x^2+1)) + (x) \left(\frac{2x}{x^2+1} \right)$$

$$f(x)' = \ln(x^2+1) + \frac{2x^2}{x^2+1}$$

$$13: f(x) = (\ln 2x + \ln(x))$$

$$f(x)' = \frac{1}{2x + \ln(x)} \cdot (2x + \ln(x)) \rightarrow (2x + \frac{1}{x})$$

$$\underline{\underline{f(x)' = \frac{2x+1}{2x+\ln(x)}}}$$

$$14: f(x) = (\ln(x))^2$$

$$f(x)' = (\ln(x))^2 \cdot \frac{1}{x}$$

$$f(x)' = 2(\ln(x))^{2-1} \cdot \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\underline{\underline{f(x)' = \frac{2\ln(x)}{x}}}$$

$$15: f(x) = \frac{\ln(2x+1)}{3x+4}$$

$$u = \frac{2x+1}{3x+4}$$

$$f(x)' = \frac{(2x^1 + 0)(3x+4) - (2x+1)(3x^1 + 0)}{(3x+4)^2} \cdot \frac{1}{\frac{2x+1}{3x+4}}$$

$$f(x)' = \frac{2(3x+4) - (2x+1)(3x)}{(3x+4)^2} \cdot \frac{1}{\frac{2x+1}{3x+4}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{f(x)' = \frac{(6x+8) - (6x^2-3x)}{(3x+4)^2} \cdot \frac{1}{\frac{2x+1}{3x+4}}}}$$